

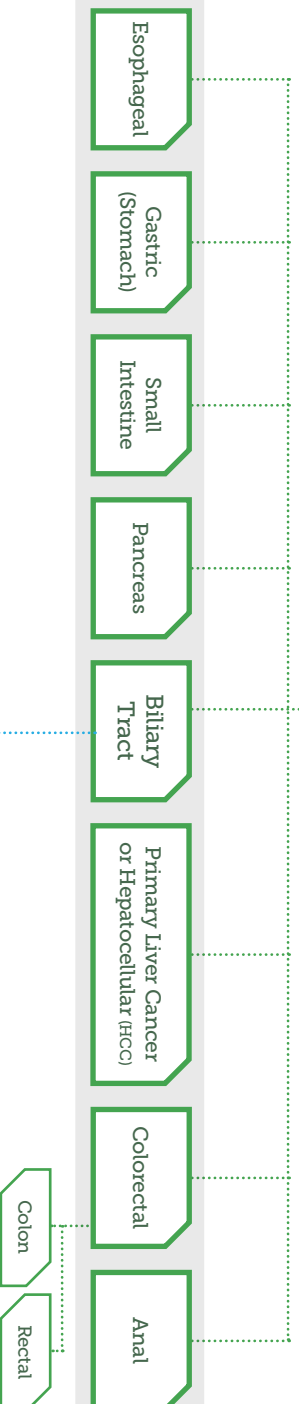


# Cholangiocarcinoma

CANCERS THAT AFFECT THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

GI (Gastrointestinal) Cancers

TYPES OF GI CANCERS



TYPES OF HEPATOBILLIARY CANCERS  
PRIMARY TUMORS ORIGINATING FROM THE LIVER AND BILE DUCTS

Primary Liver Cancer or Hepatocellular (HCC)

Combined Hepatocellular (HCC) and Intrahepatic Cholangiocarcinoma (CCA)

Cholangiocarcinoma (CCA)

Gall Bladder

Some intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma tumors have microscopic features of both hepatocellular carcinoma and cholangiocarcinoma and are considered combined or "mixed" tumors.

The biliary tract includes the gallbladder and bile ducts inside and outside the liver

**Biliary Tract Cancers**

THREE SUBTYPES OF CHOLANGIOCARCINOMA BASED ON TUMOR LOCATION

Intrahepatic

Intrahepatic CCA occurs inside the liver where cancer develops in the hepatic bile ducts or the smaller intrahepatic biliary ducts.

Perihilar (Hilar or Klatskin Tumor)

These cancers develop where the right and left hepatic ducts have joined and are leaving the liver.

Distal

Distal CCA occurs outside the liver after the right and left hepatic bile ducts have joined to form the common bile duct. This type of cancer is found where the common bile duct passes through the pancreas and into the small intestine.



Cholangiocarcinoma Foundation®

